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Power and Energy Systems Technologies & Economics

Case Study Rankine Cycle in T-s Diagram Calculated with FluidEXL

Notes:

1. Cells with black characters include inputs
2. Cells with red characters include formulas
3. Download of the FluidEXL software tool is required !
4. Read FluidEXL brief instruction in the **Toolbox** of the book !
5. Read introduction in the Case Study chapter of the book !

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Disclaimer

The Examples are solely and exclusively indented to provide support and assistance to the readers for practicing and better understanding of the theoretical part of this book.

The author, Panos Konstantin, believes that all information and guidance provided and all calculations in these examples are correct. Nevertheless anyone using these examples should carry out their own due diligence and appraisal of the contents.

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Proposals for improvements of the contents are welcome and will be considered in upcoming updates!

**Power Plant 285 bar/600 °C; Reheating to 60 bar/ 620 °C;
Expansion to 0.05 bar/33°C**

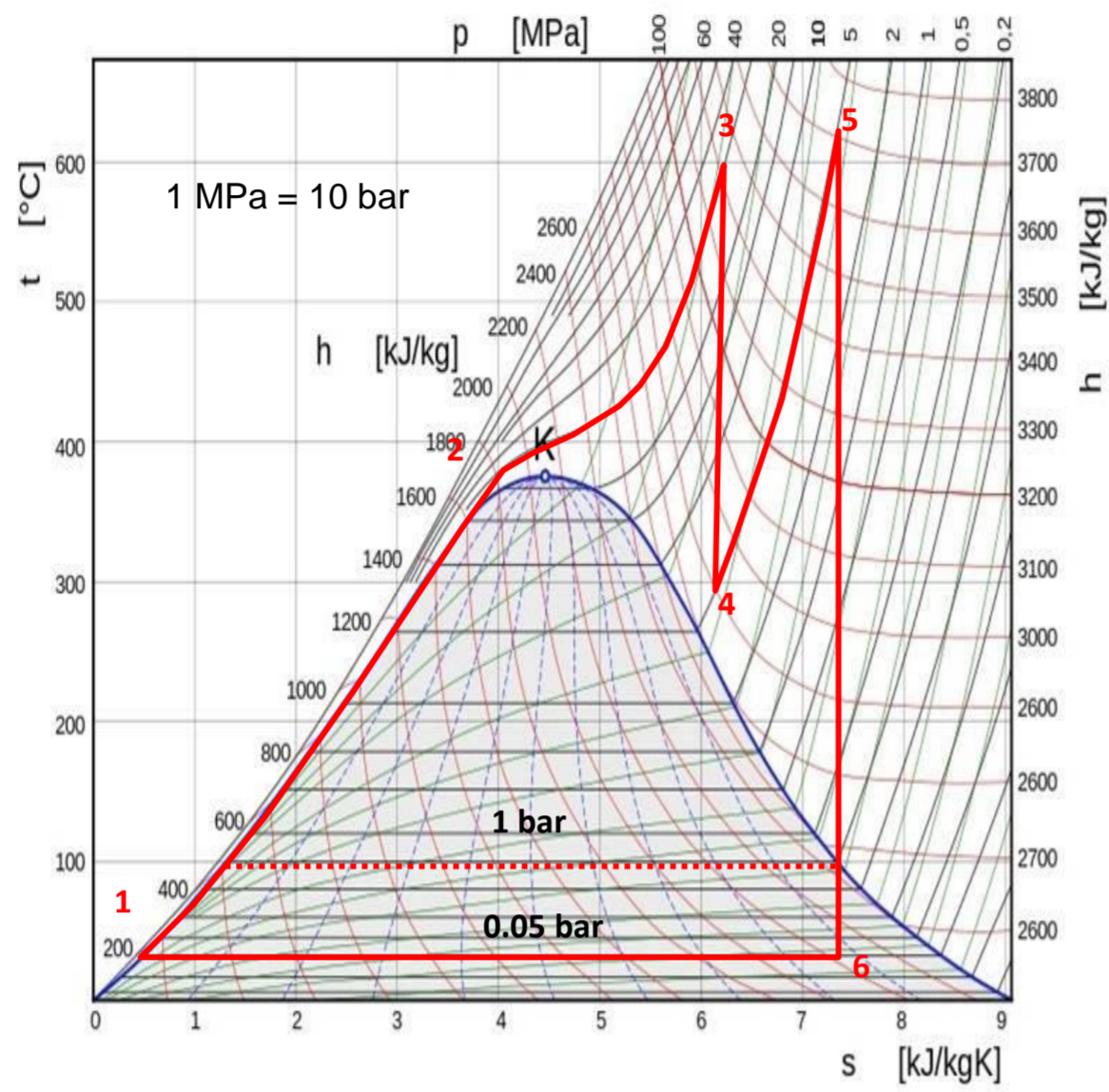
Point	Pressure p	Temperature t	Enthalpy h	Entropy s	Vapor fraction x
	bar	°C	kJ / kg	KJ / kg K	kg/kg
1	0.05	32.9	137.8	0.48	0.00
3	285	600.0	3461.0	6.27	1.00
4	60	336.9	3005.8	6.27	1.00
5	60	620.0	3705.8	7.22	1.00
6	0.05	32.9	2202.3	7.22	0.85
1	0.05	32.9	137.8	0.48	0.00

saturated water
superheated steam, isobaric heat input 1 to 3
superheated steam, isentropic expansion 3 to 4
superheated steam, isobaric heat input 4 to 5
wet steam, isentropic expansion 5 to 6
saturated water, condensation 6 to 1

Item	Symbols	Unit	Value
Mass flow	m	kg	1
Heat input 1 - 3	Q_{in}	kJ/kg	3,323
Heat input 4 - 5			700
Condenser 6 - 1	Q_{out}	kJ/kg	2,065
Mechanical work	$W = Q_{out} - Q_{in}$	kJ / kg	1,959
		kWh / t	544
Cycle efficiency	$\eta = W / Q_{in}$	%	48.7%
Steam content of exhaust steam		%	85.2%

isobaric heat input
isobaric reheat input
heat rejection in condenser

**Rankine Cycle 285 bar/600 °C; Reheating to 620 °C;
Expansion to 0.05 bar/33°C**



Point	Pressure p	Temperature t	Enthalpy h	Entropy s
	bar	°C	kJ / kg	KJ / kg K
1	0.05			
3	285	600.0		
4	60			
5	60	620.0		
6	0.05			
1	0.05			

Item	Symbols	Unit	Value
Mass flow	m	kg	
Heat input 1 - 3	Q_{in}	kJ / kg	
Heat input 4 - 5			
Condenser 6 - 1	Q_{out}	kJ / kg	
Mechanical work	$W = Q_{out} - Q_{in}$	kJ / kg	
		kWh/t	
Cycle efficiency	$h = W / Q_{in}$	%	
Steam content of exhaust steam		%	

Note: All empty cells shall be calculated

Steam content x kg /kg
0.00
1.00
1.00
1.00

**Rankine Cycle 285 bar/600 °C; Reheating to 620 °C;
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